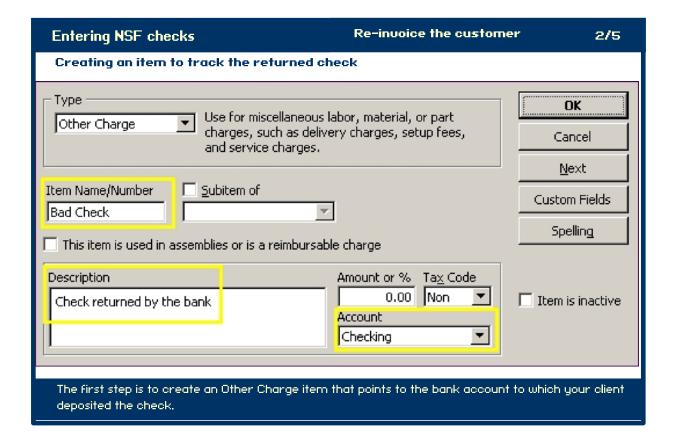
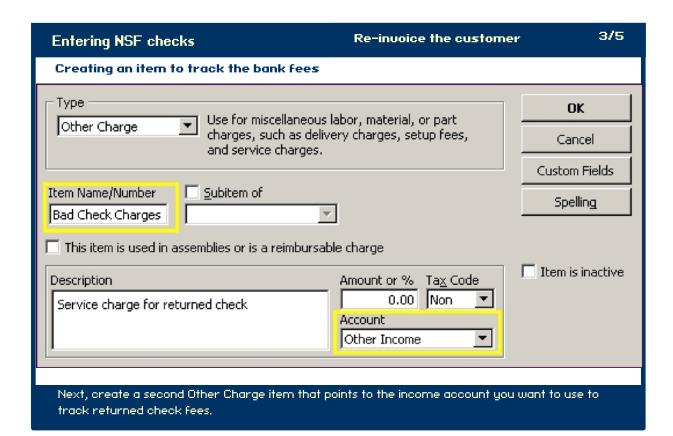
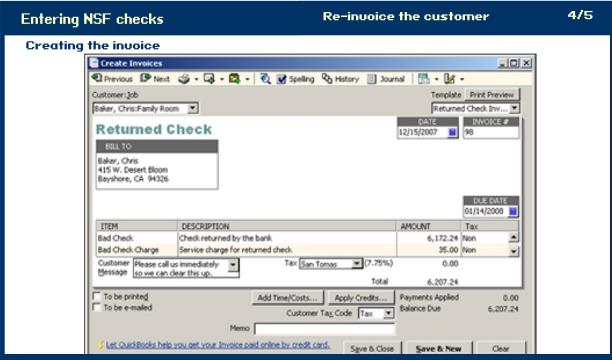
Re-invoicing

The first method involves re-invoicing the customer and including the bank fees for the returned check. Your clients might be using this method because the QuickBooks Help file recommends it. However, this is not the preferred approach when the original transaction involved sales tax.







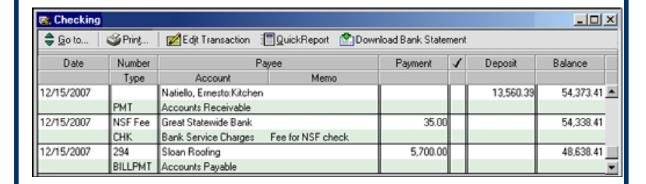
Then, create an invoice for the customer whose check bounced, using the two items. Be sure to put any message you want to show on the customer's statement in the memo field of the invoice.



Re-invoice the customer

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Recording the charge



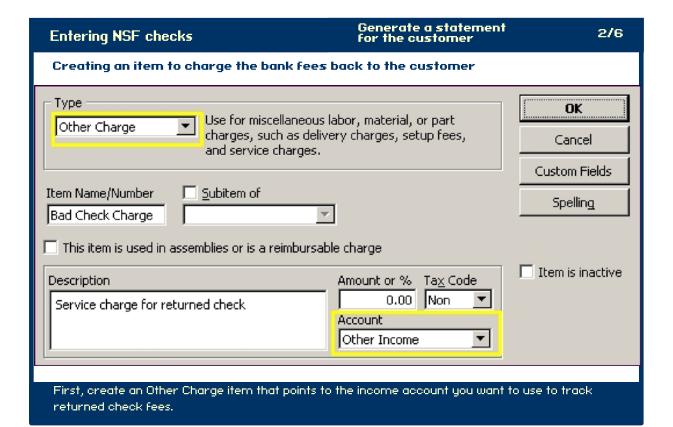
Finally, record the bank service charge in the bank account register.

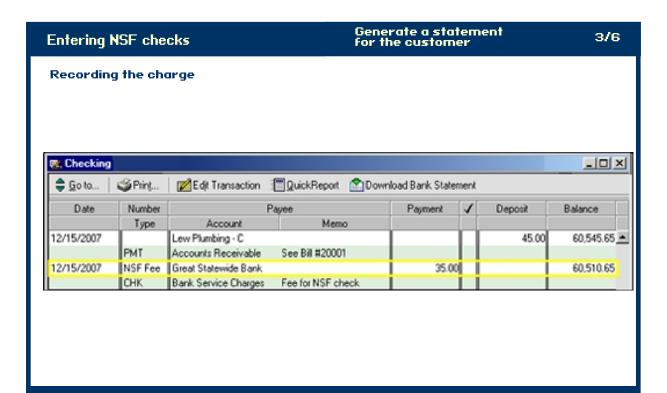
Summarizing the procedure

This method avoids affecting the sales and sales tax reports by using techniques that are more advanced.

To account for NSF charges using statements:

- 1. Create an Other Charge item to charge a returned check service charge to the customer.
- 2. Record the bank's NSF charge in the bank account register.
- 3. Record the NSF check in the bank account register.
- 4. Enter a statement charge for your client's NSF fee.
- 5. Send the customer a statement showing the NSF check and fee.





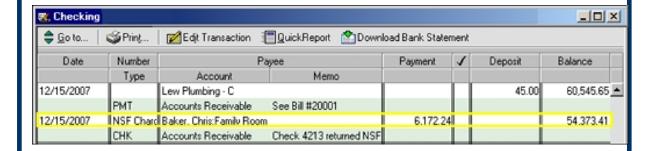
Then, record the bank service charge directly in the bank account register.



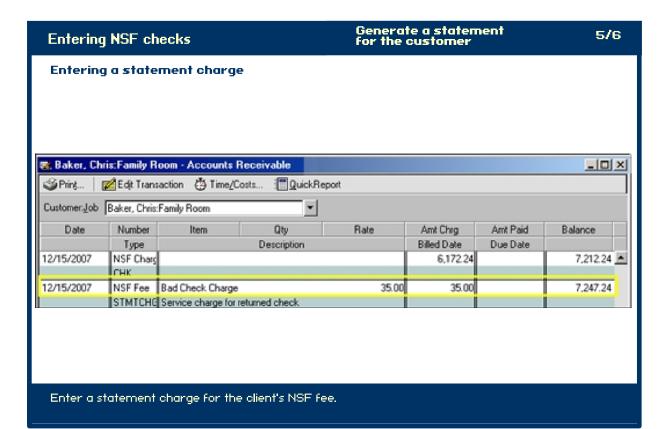
Generate a statement for the customer

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Recording the check



Next, record the NSF check in the bank account register using the Customer: Job as the payee and accounts receivable as the account.



Entering NSF checks Generate a star for the custom			6/6
Sending th	e statement		
To:			
Baker, Chris 415 W. Dese Bayshore, CA	nt Bloom		
		Amount Due	Amount Enc.
		\$7,247.24	
Date	Transaction	Amount	Balance
11/15/2007	Balance forward		0.00
	Family Room- CHK #NSF Charge, #NSF Fee, Due 01/14/2008, Service charge for returned check	6,172.24 35.00	7,212.24 7,247.24

Send the customer a statement showing the NSF check and fee.